

SACADA Database Code: 59

Topology: [cbo](#) 

of independent nodes (IN): 1

Transitivity: [1232]



Space Group: Pa-3

Pearson: cP24

Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2012

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
cbo (SACADA #59)		3.146		0.948	321.2	296.6	50.3	SACADA ¹
C3		3.09	2.96		342			doi: 10.1103/PhysRevB.85.214104 
SC24		3.094	2.96		299			doi: 10.1103/PhysRevB.91.214106 

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

7546.2404	1045.2934	1045.2934	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000
1045.2934	7546.2404	1045.2934	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
1045.2934	1045.2934	7546.2404	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	2790.7441	-0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	2790.7441	-0.0000
-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	2790.7441

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV \AA^{-1} for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young's modulus, and the Poisson's ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker's hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov's model [9].

