## **SACADA Database Code: 32**

Topology: utb &

# of independent nodes (IN): 1

Transitivity: [1221] Space Group: I432

Pearson: cl24

Coordination Number (CN): 3

Year: 2017

## **Data**

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
utb (SACADA #32)		2.162		3.218	-	-	-	SACADA <sup>1</sup>
utb								doi: 10.1007/s11224-016-0782-1

## Elasticity tensor (kBar)1

752.0523	1074.0726	1074.0726	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000
1074.0726	752.0523	1074.0726	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
1074.0726	1074.0726	752.0523	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-1203.9085	-0.0000	-0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-1203.9085	0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-1203.9085

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

## **DFT** calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic  $\Gamma$ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of  $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ Å}^{-1}$  is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at  $10^{-6}$  eV for energy and  $10^{-5}$  eV Å<sup>-1</sup> for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young's modulus, and the Poisson's ratio  $\nu$  — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker's hardness  $H_{\nu}$  has been estimated according to Oganov's model [9].