

SACADA Database Code: 65

Topology: rho

of independent nodes (IN): 1
Transitivity: [1242]
Space Group: Im-3m
Pearson: cI48
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2011

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
rho (SACADA #65)		2.276		0.954	252.0	174.4	20.3	SACADA ¹
CA7								doi: 10.1134/s1063776111060173
CA7								link

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

3998.6481	1779.5310	1779.5310	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000
1779.5310	3998.6481	1779.5310	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
1779.5310	1779.5310	3998.6481	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	2359.8486	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	2359.8486	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	2359.8486

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and $10^{-5} \text{ eV \AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov's model [9].

