

SACADA Database Code: 507

Topology: 4⁶T45

of independent nodes (IN): 6
Transitivity: [6(14)(14)6]
Space Group: Cm
Pearson: mS24
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2017

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
4 ⁶ T45 (SACADA #507)		3.191		0.968	355.6	337.2	58.4	SACADA ¹
G220								doi: 10.1002/cphc.201700151 ✉

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

8689.1804	530.8637	1226.0942	-0.0000	0.0000	279.4365
530.8637	8155.4814	1056.6724	0.0000	-0.0000	-38.5582
1226.0942	1056.6724	9703.6708	0.0000	-0.0000	-840.9900
-0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	3214.8705	-67.1057	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	-67.1057	2382.5887	-0.0000
279.4365	-38.5582	-840.9900	0.0000	-0.0000	3671.0521

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov’s model [9].