

SACADA Database Code: 35

Topology: dia-a

of independent nodes (IN): 1

Transitivity: [1222]

Space Group: Pn-3m

Pearson: cP8

Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2014

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
dia-a (SACADA #35)		.831		2.121	84.5	10.6	1.8	SACADA ¹
T-II carbon (2-fold)		1.77			307	213		doi: 10.1039/C4RA01962H †

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

914.4675	811.3279	811.3279	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
811.3279	914.4675	811.3279	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
811.3279	811.3279	914.4675	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	170.2783	0.0000	-0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	170.2783	-0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	170.2783

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young's modulus, and the Poisson's ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker's hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov's model [9].