

SACADA Database Code: 255

Topology: ajk9

of independent nodes (IN): 6
Transitivity: [6964]
Space Group: P4132
Pearson: cP100
Coordination Number (CN): 4

Year: 2011

Data

Name	Pressure, GPa	Density, g/cm ³	Gap, eV	Relative energy, eV/atom	Bulk, GPa	Shear, GPa	Vickers, GPa	Refs
ajk9 (SACADA #255)		2.532		1.264	227.9	166.8	20.5	SACADA ¹
Clathrate IX								doi: 10.1021/ic102178d ☐

Elasticity tensor (kBar)¹

4338.4054	1248.6442	1248.6442	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000
1248.6442	4338.4054	1248.6442	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000
1248.6442	1248.6442	4338.4054	-0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000
0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	1755.8647	0.0000	0.0000
0.0000	-0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	1755.8647	-0.0000
-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	1755.8647

¹ We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) to calculate the total energy and properties of carbon allotropes.

DFT calculations

We apply the density functional theory (DFT) approach by using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP) package [6] to calculate the total energy of carbon allotropes. The Generalized Gradient Approximation [7] (GGA) for exchange-correlational functional is used everywhere. The energy cutoff set to 600 eV. Fully automatic Γ -centered k-points mesh with a reciprocal-space resolution of $2\pi \times 0.025 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ is applied. We used tetrahedron method with Blöchl corrections to perform the k-point integration. The convergence thresholds are set at 10^{-6} eV for energy and 10^{-5} eV $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ for ionic forces. Polycrystalline elastic moduli — the bulk modulus, the shear modulus, Young’s modulus, and the Poisson’s ratio ν — have been calculated within the Voigt-Reuss-Hill [8] approximation. The Vicker’s hardness H_v has been estimated according to Oganov’s model [9].